

DECLENSION of **bonus**, —a, —um “good”

SINGULAR

NOMINATIVE: subject	bonus	bona	bonum
GENITIVE: possession	bonī	bonae	bonī
DATIVE: indirect object	bonō	bonae	bonō
ACCUSATIVE: direct object	bonum	bonam	bonum
ABLATIVE: obj. of prep., etc.	bonō	bonā	bonō
VOCATIVE: direct address	bone	bona	bonum

PLURAL

NOMINATIVE: subject	bonī	bonae	bona
GENITIVE: possession	bonōrum	bonārum	bonōrum
DATIVE: indirect object	bonīs	bonīs	bonīs
ACCUSATIVE: direct object	bonōs	bonās	bona
ABLATIVE: obj. of prep., etc.	bonīs	bonīs	bonīs
VOCATIVE: direct address	bonī	bonae	bona



NOMINATIVE: **puella bona** stellam malam videt.
subject

The good girl sees the evil star.

GENITIVE: Stella mala est **bonae puellae**.
possession

The evil star is the good girl's
(It is the evil star of the good girl).

DATIVE: Rēgīna stellam malam **puellae bonae** dat.
indirect object

The queen gives the evil star to the good girl.

ACCUSATIVE: Rēgīna **puellam bonam** videt.
direct object

The queen sees the good girl.

ABLATIVE: Stella mala est **in bonā puellā**.
object of prep.

The evil star is in (or: on) the good girl.

VOCATIVE: **ō puella**, stella est mala!
direct address

Hey girl, the star is evil!



NOMINATIVE: **bonae puellae** stellās malās vident.
subject

The good girls see the evil stars.

GENITIVE: Stellae malae sunt **bonārum puellārum**.
possession

The evil stars are the good girls'
(They are the evil stars of the good girls).

DATIVE: Rēgīna stellās malās **puellīs bonīs** dat.
indirect object

The queen gives the evil stars to the good girls.
(The queen gives the good girls the evil stars.)

ACCUSATIVE: Rēgīna **puellās bonās** videt.
direct object

The queen sees the good girls.

ABLATIVE: Stellae malae sunt **in bonīs puellīs**.
object of prep.

The evil stars are in the good girls.
(Or: The evil stars are on the good girls.)

VOCATIVE: **ō puellae**, stellae sunt malae!
direct address

Hey girls, the stars are evil!